

(2003 B.4)

B22 $\gamma + \gamma \leftrightarrow e^+ + e^-$

a) $\mu_r = 0 \rightarrow \mu^+ + \mu^- = 0$
 $\mu = \mu^-$

$N_- = 2 \sum_p \frac{1}{e^{\beta \sqrt{m^2 c^4 + p^2 c^2} - \beta \mu} + 1}$

$N_e = 2 \sum_p \frac{1}{e^{\beta \sqrt{m^2 c^4 + p^2 c^2} + \beta \mu} + 1}$

$n^- + n^+ = n_0$

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($\mu = 0$)

b) At $T=0$, since $\mu > 0$, $N_e = 0$, $N_- > 0$
($\beta \rightarrow \infty$)

$N_- = 2 \sum_{|p| < p_F} 1 \xrightarrow{\mu > 0} \frac{2V}{(2\pi\hbar)^3} \frac{4\pi}{3} p_F^3 \rightarrow n_0 = \frac{p_F^3}{3\pi^2 \hbar^3}$

Non-relativistic limit $\frac{p_F^2}{2m} \ll mc^2$

$(3\pi^2 n_0)^{2/3} \ll 2m^2 c^2$

c) $kT \gg \frac{p_F^2}{2m} \leftrightarrow$ classical non-rel limit.

$mc^2 \gg kT$, $E = \frac{p^2}{2m} + mc^2$

$\sqrt{p^2 c^2 + m^2 c^4} = mc^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{p^2}{m^2 c^2}} \approx mc^2 (1 + \frac{p^2}{2m^2 c^2})$

$n^- = 2 \sum_p \frac{1}{e^{\frac{\beta p^2}{2m} + \beta(mc^2 - \mu)} + 1} \approx \frac{2}{V} e^{-\beta(mc^2 - \mu)} \sum_p e^{-\frac{\beta p^2}{2m}} = \frac{2}{\lambda^3} e^{-\beta(mc^2 - \mu)}$

$n^+ = \frac{2}{\lambda^3} e^{-\beta(mc^2 + \mu)}$

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$$n^- - n^+ = \frac{4}{\lambda^3} e^{-2\beta mc^2} = n^- (n_0 - n^-)$$

(correcting order)

$$n^- = \frac{1}{2} \left[n_0 + \sqrt{n_0^2 - \frac{16}{\lambda^3} e^{-2\beta mc^2}} \right]$$

$$n^+ = n_0 - n^- = \frac{1}{2} \left[n_0 - \sqrt{\dots} \right]$$